Supplementary Table 1. Comparison between the conservative and invasive arms regarding the different outcome data

Outcome	Invasive (n=84)	Conservative (n=113)	Odds ratio (95% CI)	*P*-value
In-hospital mortality	5 (5.9%)	9 (7.9%)	0.73 (0.24-2.27)	0.79
30-day mortality	8 (9.6%)	18 (15.9%)	0.56 (0.23-1.35)	0.27
Re-infarction	3 (3.5%)	12 (10.6%)	0.31 (0.09-1.14)	0.12
Bleeding (BARC ≥3)	11 (13.1%)	11 (9.7%)	1.40 (0.57-3.40)	0.61
Stroke	5 (6.0%)	6 (5.3%)	1.13 (0.33-3.83)	0.83
Readmission	12 (14.2%)	9 (7.9%)	1.93 (0.77-4.81)	0.21

CI: Confidence interval, BARC: Bleeding Academic Research Consortium

Supplementary Table 2. Multiple logistic regression analysis for predicting one-month mortality

Variable	Odds ratio	95% CI lower	95% CI upper	*P*-value
SBP <100 mmHg	1.791	1.249	4.803	0.018
Killip ≥II	1.712	1.431	2.210	0.032
GFR	1.239	1.072	1.433	0.004
Low EF (≤40%)	1.651	1.198	2.275	0.002
HF	1.499	1.253	3.082	0.014
STEMI	0.622	0.366	0.966	0.048

SBP: Systolic blood pressure, GFR: Glomerular filtration rate, EF: Ejection fraction, HF: heart failure, STEMI: ST-segment elevation myocardial infarction